SLAVE TRADE.

On motion of Mr. Blanding, seconded by Mr. Pollard, the report of committee of the whole on the three bills relative to the slave trade, was read. Mr. Varina (Mo.) in the chair.

Mr. Masters (Va.) moved that the committee of the whole be instructed to report the bills as agreed to by the committee of the whole of the Senate, except one provision.

Mr. W. P. Barbour (Va.) and Mr. Clay opposed the motion, and the motion was lost.

The chairman read the bill.

The reading was frequently interrupted on account of the excitement of the members. The chairman then read the bill to the third reading.

Mr. Early moved to strike out this proviso, and Mr. Clay opposed the motion, directing that the proviso should be reported to the state authorities, to be disposed of as they might think proper.

Mr. K. said the inhabitants of the south could not be expected to obey laws which were not made for them. He had no civil war, no rebellion, no resistance to the laws of the United States, and there was no encouragement to rebellion.

Mr. Clay said that Mr. Smilie had made a speech on the subject of the slave trade, and said he did not threaten the government with civil war. He only expressed a wish to carry the law into execution. He wished to carry the law into effect as soon as possible. He disclaimed the threat of civil war.

Mr. Clay said that the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. Smilie) had made a speech on the subject of the slave trade, and said he did not threaten the government with civil war. He only expressed a wish to carry the law into execution. He wished to carry the law into effect as soon as possible. He disclaimed the threat of civil war.

Mr. Cook, Mr. Clay, Mr. Holland and Mr. Ross opposed the motion to strike out the proviso. Messrs. Bedinger, Bidwell and Godfrey also voted against the motion.

Mr. D. R. Williams moved that the committee of the whole be instructed to report the bill as amended.

Mr. Cook was in favor of the motion. Mr. Early said that he believed the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. Smilie) did not threaten the government with civil war. He only expressed a wish to carry the law into execution. He wished to carry the law into effect as soon as possible. He disclaimed the threat of civil war.